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(R)-N-(3-Methoxyphenyl)-tert-butanesulfinamideXiaofei Sun,^a Chuan Dai,^a Xingzhao Tu,^a Wenguo Wang^b and Qingle Zeng^{a*}

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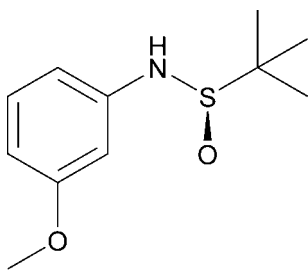
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 293$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.004$ Å; R factor = 0.043; wR factor = 0.092; data-to-parameter ratio = 12.2.

The title compound, $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{17}\text{NO}_2\text{S}$, was obtained by the reaction of (*R*)-*tert*-butanesulfinamide with 3-methoxyphenyl bromide in toluene. In the crystal, molecules interact head-to-tail through $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ and $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bonds, forming one-dimensional chains parallel to the *a* axis.

Related literature

For the structure of the racemic title compound, see: Datta *et al.* (2010). For the structures of related *N*-arylalkanesulfinamides, see: Datta *et al.* (2008, 2009*a,b*). For the structures of related *N*-alkylalkanesulfinamides, see: Sato *et al.* (1975); Schuckmann *et al.* (1978); Ferreira *et al.* (2005).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{17}\text{NO}_2\text{S}$ $V = 1217.5$ (3) Å³
 $M_r = 227.33$ $Z = 4$
 Orthorhombic, $P2_12_12_1$ Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $a = 7.4418$ (9) Å $\mu = 0.25$ mm⁻¹
 $b = 9.7027$ (12) Å $T = 293$ K
 $c = 16.862$ (2) Å $0.30 \times 0.20 \times 0.20$ mm

Data collection

Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur Eos diffractometer 7010 measured reflections
 2481 independent reflections
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (*CrysAlis PRO*; Oxford Diffraction, 2010) 2062 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.031$
 $T_{\text{min}} = 0.990$, $T_{\text{max}} = 1.0$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.043$ $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.22$ e Å⁻³
 $wR(F^2) = 0.092$ $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.29$ e Å⁻³
 $S = 1.10$ Absolute structure: Flack (1983),
 2481 reflections 1029 Friedel pairs
 204 parameters Flack parameter: -0.02 (9)
 All H-atom parameters refined

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{N1}-\text{H1}\cdots\text{O2}^i$	0.80 (2)	2.28 (3)	3.031 (3)	157 (2)
$\text{C10}-\text{H10A}\cdots\text{O2}^i$	1.02 (3)	2.47 (3)	3.487 (4)	171 (2)

Symmetry code: (i) $x + \frac{1}{2}, -y - \frac{1}{2}, -z$.

Data collection: *CrysAlis PRO* (Oxford Diffraction, 2010); cell refinement: *CrysAlis PRO*; data reduction: *CrysAlis PRO*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *OLEX2* (Dolomanov *et al.*, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: *OLEX2*.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: RZ2711).

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supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2012). E68, o773 [doi:10.1107/S1600536812006496]

(R)-N-(3-Methoxyphenyl)-tert-butanefinamide

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Comment

Sulfonamides, especially chiral sulfonamides, are an important class of organic compounds in modern organic chemistry, and a great number of such compounds have been synthesized. In our study on sulfonamides, we have prepared the title compound and report its crystal structure herein.

In the molecule of the title compound (Fig. 1), the N–C_{aryl} bond length [1.416 (3) Å] is quite similar to that found in the racemic 3-MeO-N-phenyl-tert-butanefinamide (1.418 (2) Å; Datta *et al.*, 2010), and could be compared with those reported for 4-MeO-N-phenyl-tert-butanefinamide (1.4225 (14) Å; Datta *et al.*, 2009a), N-phenyl-tert-butane-sulfonamide (1.4083 (12) Å; Datta *et al.*, 2009b) and other N-alkylalkanesulfonamides (1.470–1.530 Å; Sato *et al.*, 1975; Schuckmann *et al.*, 1978; Ferreira *et al.*, 2005). The crystal packing shows an intermolecular interaction through N–H···O=S hydrogen bond, forming a chain structure parallel to the *a* axis (Fig. 2; Table 1). In addition, the chain is enforced by an intermolecular C–H···O=S hydrogen bond as observed in the crystal packing of N-phenyladamantane-1-sulfonamide (Datta *et al.*, 2008).

Experimental

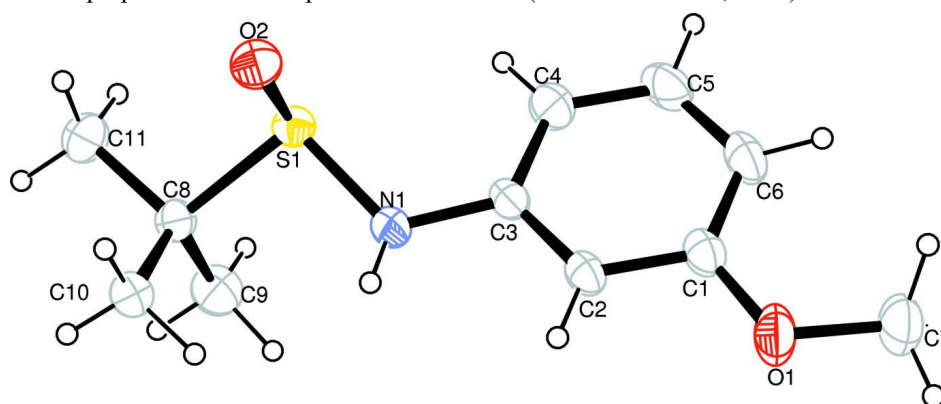
An oven-dried ground test tube, which was equipped with a magnetic stir bar and fitted with a rubber septum, was charged with (R)-tert-butanefinamide (0.121 g, 1.0 mmol), Pd₂(dba)₃ (0.018 g, 0.02 mmol; dba is dibenzylideneacetone), 2-di-tert-butylphosphino-2',4',6'-triisopropylbiphenyl (0.0212 g, 0.05 mmol) and NaOH (0.08 g, 2 mmol). The vessel was evacuated and backfilled with argon three times, then 3-methoxyphenyl bromide (1.3 mmol), toluene (10 ml) and degassed water (0.3 mL) were added via syringe. The solution was stirred at 90°C for 20 h. The reaction mixture was then cooled to room temperature, quenched by water, and extracted with ethyl acetate (20 mL) for twice. The organic layer was combined, and dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate and filtrated. The filtrate was condensed under vacuum. The residual was purified with silica gel column chromatography with a solution of petroleum ether and ethyl acetate (5:1 *v:v*) as eluent. A test tube containing the eluate was covered with a piece of filter paper and placed motionless at room temperature, and a single crystal was cultured in the bottom of the test tube. Yield: 0.186 g, 82%. Spectroscopic analysis: ESI-MS (negative mode), *m/z* = 226 [M–H][–]. FTIR (KBr) (cm^{–1}): 3456, 3273, 3112, 3076, 2966, 1584, 1519, 1246, 1186, 1113, 1068, 875, 795, 751. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃), δ (ppm): 7.16 (t, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 5.60–5.55 (m, 3H), 5.34 (s, 1H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 1.33 (s, 9H). ¹³C NMR (300 MHz, CD₃OD), δ (ppm): 160.2, 143.5, 129.8, 110.1, 107.9, 103.5, 56.3, 54.9, 22.3. [α]_D = –2.6 (c 0.05, ethyl acetate).

Refinement

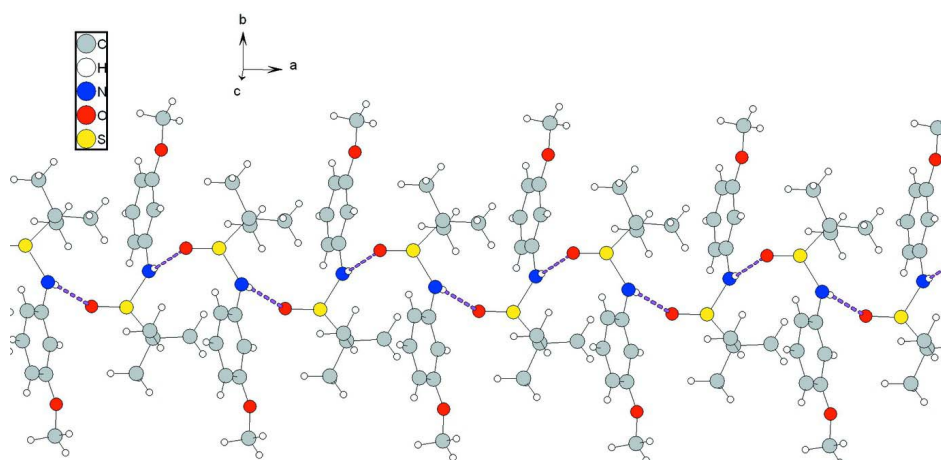
All H atoms were located in a difference Fourier map and refined freely (N–H = 0.80 (2) Å; C–H = 0.90 (3)–1.03 (3) Å). The absolute configuration was assigned by reference to the unchanging chiral centre in the synthetic procedure.

Computing details

Data collection: *CrysAlis PRO* (Oxford Diffraction, 2010); cell refinement: *CrysAlis PRO* (Oxford Diffraction, 2010); data reduction: *CrysAlis PRO* (Oxford Diffraction, 2010); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *OLEX2* (Dolomanov *et al.*, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: *OLEX2* (Dolomanov *et al.*, 2009).


Figure 1

The molecular structure of the title compound with 50% probability displacement ellipsoids for non-H atoms.


Figure 2

The chain structure of the title compound formed by intermolecular N—H...O hydrogen bonds (dashed lines).

(*R*)-*N*-(3-Methoxyphenyl)-*tert*-butanesulfonamide
Crystal data

$C_{11}H_{17}NO_2S$

$M_r = 227.33$

Orthorhombic, $P2_12_12_1$

Hall symbol: P 2ac 2ab

$a = 7.4418$ (9) Å

$b = 9.7027$ (12) Å

$c = 16.862$ (2) Å

$V = 1217.5$ (3) Å³

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 488$

$D_x = 1.246$ Mg m⁻³

Melting point: 375 K

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.7107$ Å

Cell parameters from 2411 reflections

$\theta = 3.0$ – 29.1°

$\mu = 0.25$ mm⁻¹

$T = 293$ K

Block, colourless

$0.30 \times 0.20 \times 0.20$ mm

Data collection

Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur Eos diffractometer	7010 measured reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	2481 independent reflections
Graphite monochromator	2062 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Detector resolution: 16.0874 pixels mm ⁻¹	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.031$
ω scans	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 26.4^\circ$, $\theta_{\text{min}} = 3.0^\circ$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (<i>CrysAlis PRO</i> ; Oxford Diffraction, 2010)	$h = -9 \rightarrow 6$
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.990$, $T_{\text{max}} = 1.0$	$k = -12 \rightarrow 12$
	$l = -18 \rightarrow 21$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
Least-squares matrix: full	All H-atom parameters refined
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.043$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0403P)^2]$
$wR(F^2) = 0.092$	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
$S = 1.10$	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$
2481 reflections	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.22 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
204 parameters	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.29 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
0 restraints	Absolute structure: Flack (1983), 1029 Friedel pairs
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods	Flack parameter: -0.02 (9)
Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map	

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
S1	-0.84124 (9)	-0.41552 (6)	-0.07783 (3)	0.04091 (18)
O1	-0.6725 (4)	0.18196 (19)	-0.18439 (11)	0.0691 (6)
O2	-1.0171 (2)	-0.39294 (19)	-0.03812 (10)	0.0543 (5)
N1	-0.7259 (3)	-0.2699 (2)	-0.08452 (13)	0.0464 (5)
C1	-0.7230 (3)	0.0498 (3)	-0.20153 (15)	0.0468 (7)
C2	-0.7075 (3)	-0.0421 (3)	-0.13905 (15)	0.0416 (6)
C3	-0.7532 (3)	-0.1789 (3)	-0.14907 (14)	0.0390 (6)
C4	-0.8154 (4)	-0.2233 (3)	-0.22198 (15)	0.0540 (7)
C5	-0.8331 (5)	-0.1298 (3)	-0.28284 (17)	0.0627 (8)
C6	-0.7857 (4)	0.0065 (3)	-0.27436 (17)	0.0561 (8)
C7	-0.6704 (6)	0.2798 (4)	-0.2476 (2)	0.0730 (10)
C8	-0.6971 (3)	-0.5045 (3)	-0.00507 (14)	0.0423 (6)
C9	-0.5083 (4)	-0.5131 (4)	-0.0392 (2)	0.0621 (8)
C10	-0.7023 (5)	-0.4311 (3)	0.07445 (17)	0.0527 (7)
C11	-0.7817 (6)	-0.6475 (3)	0.0011 (2)	0.0618 (9)

H9C	-0.509 (4)	-0.550 (3)	-0.0879 (18)	0.060 (9)*
H2	-0.667 (3)	-0.012 (2)	-0.0913 (14)	0.041 (6)*
H10A	-0.641 (4)	-0.337 (3)	0.0697 (16)	0.074 (9)*
H7B	-0.593 (4)	0.247 (3)	-0.2904 (19)	0.071 (10)*
H9B	-0.438 (5)	-0.567 (4)	-0.005 (2)	0.113 (14)*
H9A	-0.439 (4)	-0.423 (3)	-0.0417 (16)	0.065 (9)*
H5	-0.878 (4)	-0.161 (3)	-0.3324 (17)	0.060 (8)*
H6	-0.807 (4)	0.066 (3)	-0.3158 (15)	0.056 (8)*
H1	-0.692 (4)	-0.237 (2)	-0.0438 (14)	0.039 (7)*
H4	-0.845 (4)	-0.312 (3)	-0.2268 (15)	0.056 (8)*
H11C	-0.913 (5)	-0.641 (3)	0.0169 (18)	0.069 (10)*
H10C	-0.819 (4)	-0.425 (3)	0.0947 (17)	0.077 (10)*
H11A	-0.709 (4)	-0.705 (3)	0.0376 (17)	0.071 (9)*
H10B	-0.643 (4)	-0.481 (3)	0.1119 (16)	0.061 (8)*
H7A	-0.620 (5)	0.361 (4)	-0.224 (2)	0.103 (14)*
H7C	-0.793 (5)	0.285 (4)	-0.2714 (18)	0.095 (13)*
H11B	-0.775 (4)	-0.695 (3)	-0.0537 (18)	0.075 (9)*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
S1	0.0392 (3)	0.0430 (3)	0.0405 (3)	-0.0007 (3)	-0.0001 (3)	-0.0027 (3)
O1	0.0977 (18)	0.0545 (11)	0.0550 (11)	-0.0043 (13)	-0.0024 (13)	0.0189 (9)
O2	0.0394 (10)	0.0641 (12)	0.0594 (12)	0.0039 (10)	0.0060 (9)	0.0031 (9)
N1	0.0555 (14)	0.0464 (12)	0.0374 (12)	-0.0082 (10)	-0.0103 (12)	0.0041 (10)
C1	0.0424 (16)	0.0568 (16)	0.0414 (13)	0.0049 (12)	0.0027 (13)	0.0091 (11)
C2	0.0401 (15)	0.0520 (15)	0.0326 (13)	0.0047 (11)	0.0005 (12)	0.0048 (11)
C3	0.0304 (14)	0.0538 (14)	0.0328 (12)	0.0025 (11)	0.0020 (12)	0.0059 (10)
C4	0.061 (2)	0.0594 (17)	0.0419 (15)	-0.0038 (16)	-0.0022 (14)	-0.0001 (13)
C5	0.067 (2)	0.088 (2)	0.0333 (14)	-0.0040 (19)	-0.0088 (17)	-0.0004 (13)
C6	0.0509 (18)	0.076 (2)	0.0412 (15)	0.0086 (16)	0.0015 (14)	0.0183 (14)
C7	0.075 (3)	0.075 (2)	0.068 (2)	-0.007 (2)	0.004 (2)	0.0300 (18)
C8	0.0428 (15)	0.0392 (12)	0.0448 (14)	0.0019 (12)	-0.0018 (12)	0.0021 (10)
C9	0.0529 (19)	0.065 (2)	0.068 (2)	0.0114 (18)	0.0010 (19)	-0.0014 (18)
C10	0.0557 (19)	0.0586 (17)	0.0439 (14)	-0.0086 (15)	-0.0047 (16)	0.0064 (14)
C11	0.072 (3)	0.0414 (16)	0.072 (2)	-0.0058 (15)	-0.007 (2)	0.0048 (15)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

S1—O2	1.4866 (18)	C6—H6	0.92 (3)
S1—N1	1.657 (2)	C7—H7B	0.98 (3)
S1—C8	1.844 (2)	C7—H7A	0.96 (4)
O1—C1	1.367 (3)	C7—H7C	1.00 (4)
O1—C7	1.428 (3)	C8—C9	1.521 (4)
N1—C3	1.416 (3)	C8—C10	1.519 (4)
N1—H1	0.80 (2)	C8—C11	1.527 (4)
C1—C2	1.385 (3)	C9—H9C	0.90 (3)
C1—C6	1.379 (4)	C9—H9B	0.93 (4)
C2—C3	1.381 (3)	C9—H9A	1.01 (3)
C2—H2	0.91 (2)	C10—H10A	1.02 (3)

C3—C4	1.382 (4)	C10—H10C	0.94 (3)
C4—C5	1.376 (4)	C10—H10B	0.91 (3)
C4—H4	0.90 (3)	C11—H11C	1.02 (3)
C5—C6	1.376 (4)	C11—H11A	0.99 (3)
C5—H5	0.95 (3)	C11—H11B	1.03 (3)
S1—N1—H1	116.3 (18)	C8—C9—H9C	111.4 (19)
O1—C1—C2	114.8 (2)	C8—C9—H9B	109 (2)
O1—C1—C6	124.5 (2)	C8—C9—H9A	115.9 (17)
O1—C7—H7B	109.7 (18)	C8—C10—H10A	109.8 (16)
O1—C7—H7A	104 (2)	C8—C10—H10C	112.1 (19)
O1—C7—H7C	109 (2)	C8—C10—H10B	110.3 (17)
O2—S1—N1	111.17 (12)	C8—C11—H11C	110.9 (17)
O2—S1—C8	106.35 (11)	C8—C11—H11A	109.0 (18)
N1—S1—C8	98.23 (12)	C8—C11—H11B	108.7 (17)
C1—O1—C7	118.0 (3)	C9—C8—S1	108.1 (2)
C1—C2—H2	119.6 (15)	C9—C8—C11	110.9 (3)
C1—C6—H6	122.8 (16)	C10—C8—S1	110.65 (19)
C2—C3—N1	118.0 (2)	C10—C8—C9	112.5 (3)
C2—C3—C4	119.4 (2)	C10—C8—C11	110.8 (2)
C3—N1—S1	120.62 (19)	C11—C8—S1	103.4 (2)
C3—N1—H1	117.4 (17)	H9C—C9—H9B	110 (3)
C3—C2—C1	120.3 (2)	H9C—C9—H9A	108 (3)
C3—C2—H2	120.1 (15)	H10A—C10—H10C	113 (3)
C3—C4—H4	117.5 (17)	H10A—C10—H10B	108 (2)
C4—C3—N1	122.5 (2)	H7B—C7—H7A	110 (3)
C4—C5—C6	122.1 (3)	H7B—C7—H7C	105 (3)
C4—C5—H5	118.5 (17)	H9B—C9—H9A	103 (3)
C5—C4—C3	119.4 (3)	H11C—C11—H11A	114 (3)
C5—C4—H4	123.1 (17)	H11C—C11—H11B	108 (3)
C5—C6—C1	118.2 (3)	H10C—C10—H10B	103 (2)
C5—C6—H6	118.8 (16)	H11A—C11—H11B	106 (2)
C6—C1—C2	120.6 (3)	H7A—C7—H7C	119 (3)
C6—C5—H5	119.4 (17)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$)

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$N1-H1\cdots O2^i$	0.80 (2)	2.28 (3)	3.031 (3)	157 (2)
$C10-H10A\cdots O2^i$	1.02 (3)	2.47 (3)	3.487 (4)	171 (2)

Symmetry code: (i) $x+1/2, -y-1/2, -z$.